### How can I

## Protect Myself?

- ✓ You have a right to be safe and to be treated with respect
- ✓ You have the right to decide who will touch your body, and how and when you will be touched.
- ✓ Remember that you have the right to say "no" to any unwanted touch, even from a boyfriend or girlfriend, caregiver, attendant, family member, health care provider or other person in your life.
- ✓ You have the right to say STOP the touching whenever you want, even if it felt good at first.
- ✓ If someone hurts you, makes you feel bad about yourself, or touches you in a way that you do not like, tell someone you trust. If the first person does not help, tell someone else!
- ✓ If someone you know takes your money or things, they are not being a friend! Tell someone you trust!
- ✓ Say **NO!** Then **GO TELL!**

### Who Can Help?

- ✓ Someone at church
- ✓ Someone who helps you at work or at home
- ✓ Someone in your family
- ✓ Your doctor or therapist

#### Resources

- My Florida Zero Tolerance Initiative: http://apd.myflorida.com/zero-tolerance/ index.htm
- ✓ State of Oregon information website on disability and abuse: http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/spwpd/index.shtml
- ✓ Important numbers to report abuse:
  - 911
  - 1-800-96ABUSE (7-800-962-2873)
  - TDD: 1-800-453-5145Fax: 1-800-914-0004





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### Abuse, Neglect, & Exploitation:

How to Protect Yourself



## Personal Safety

### The Problem

People with disabilities, children, and the elderly are especially likely to be abused, neglected, and exploitated.

Did you know that almost 90% of children and adults with developmental disabilities are abused or exploited sometime in their life?

People with disabilities are at risk because:

- √ They depend on others for basic needs
- ✓ They are taught to cooperate with "people in charge" like staff members
- ✓ They often live in group settings and can't choose roommates or caregivers

People with disabilities may not report abuse, neglect, or exploitation because they:

- ✓ Feel guilty, ashamed, and/or love for the person that hurt them (abuser)
- Do not want to make the abuser mad or get them in trouble
- ✓ Do not know how to get help
- ✓ Do not even know they are being abused!

The abuser can be anyone but is usually someone the victim knows well such as a caregiver, a friend, a family member, or a spouse!

Abuse can be physical, emotional, or sexual. Taking your money or things (Financial exploitation) is abuse too!

# What Should I Look For?

#### Signs of abuse:

- ✓ Bruises, cuts, burns, grip marks
- ✓ Any injury that is unusual, unexplained, or the explanation does not make sense
- Any injury that has not been properly treated (sometimes injuries are hidden on areas of the body normally covered by clothing)
- ✓ Genital pain or itching, or sexually transmitted diseases

### Also, pay attention to changes in behavior!

- ✓ Suddenly scared of certain people, or a specific gender, or certain situations
- ✓ Sudden fear of bathing or toileting
- ✓ Changes in personal hygiene
- ✓ Sleep problems, nightmares
- ✓ Sudden use of rude, abusive, or threatening language
- ✓ Signs of helplessness, unwilling to talk openly, fear, depression, agitation, nervousness, or confusion
- Unusually disobedient or overly obedient behavior
- Sexually inappropriate behaviors, masturbation, or new interest in sex
- ✓ Hints about sexual activity and a new or detailed understanding of sexual behavior

## What Can I Do?

- ✓ If you have seen any of these signs and are concerned about someone, you know, do not wait—do something!
- ✓ Document everything; bruises, cuts, scratches, etc...as soon as you notice it. Write down where on the body the injury is located, whether it is an old or new injury, and a possible explanation of how it happened.
- ✓ Take notes on any new or unusual patterns.
- ✓ Talk with someone you trust (like a supervisor or case manager).
- ✓ Report your concern! You could end terrible suffering and even save a life!

# Reporting Abuse & Exploitation

**Note:** If you know that a life is in immediate danger due to abuse, neglect, or exploitation, you should **call 911 before calling anyone else.** 

- ✓ Call the Florida Abuse Hotline, which is a nationwide, toll-free telephone number, at 1(800)96-ABUSE or 1(800)962-2873 (TDD: 1-800-453-5145),
- ✓ Or send a faxed statement to the Abuse Hotline's statewide toll-free fax number, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at 1(800)914-0004, and
- ✓ Call the police